

112 年統測試題或答案確認說明

考科名稱	二技-共同科目-英文
試題題號	44
試題內容 (含選項)	<p>The environment can influence our emotions. The experiences we gain through our five senses (sight, sound, taste, touch, and smell), such as the weather, food, and music, can directly impact our happiness. This is especially true of the colors around us. Research has shown that “warm colors” are rated as more exciting, while “cool colors” leave people feeling more relaxed. Experts have identified warm and cool colors that can improve our mood.</p> <p>Warm colors make us think of warm things, such as sunlight and heat. Orange, for example, is one of the most social of all colors. It reflects youth and energy and is a great choice for a room with lots of action, activity, and high energy. In addition, studies have confirmed exposure to natural light to be one of the most effective ways to increase our happiness. The color yellow makes people associate with the sun and feel cozy in many countries. For this reason, it can be the best paint color for rooms.</p> <p>In contrast, cool colors give us feelings of calmness, relaxation, and freshness. Of the cool colors, green is a dominant color in nature. Spending time outdoors has been found to help with mental health problems such as anxiety and depression. So, why not try painting our rooms green that make us feel like living in the great outdoors? Likewise, painting our rooms with dark blue or light blue can also be a good choice. Shades of blue color are not just calming; they have been linked with productivity, honesty, and authority. If these are the things that bring us joy, we should consider using dark blue for our rooms. In short, using the right colors can make us happy, relieve our stress, and help us wander off into a good night’s sleep.</p> <p>According to the passage, which of the following statements is <u>NOT</u> true?</p> <p>(A) Green is the color we associate with nature and the outdoors. (B) Blue is the paint color to help create a relaxing space at home. (C) Orange, green, and yellow are warm colors that make us feel energetic. (D) Yellow represents sunshine, happiness, and warmth in many cultures.</p>
公告答案	C
確認說明	<p>1. 文化是一個團體、社會、國家的成員在求生存的過程中，為適應環境需要，以個別或集體方式，運用智力與體力，創造或累積而成的一切抽象的或具體的製作，包括：意識型態、風俗習慣、價值觀念、典章制度、器物成就等。因此，每個國家有自己的國情文化。傳統文化是一個民族、一個國家的根。</p> <p>2. 考生質疑(D)選項 “Yellow represents sunshine, happiness, and warmth in many <i>cultures</i>.”(在很多文化，黃色代表陽光快樂及溫暖)為錯誤選項，但文章中第二段第三行有提到，研究顯示暴露在大自然光線能讓人感覺快樂，在很多國家，</p>

黃色會讓人聯想到太陽並覺得舒適及溫暖(In addition, studies have confirmed exposure to natural light to be one of the most effective ways to increase our happiness.

The color yellow makes people associate with the sun and feel cozy in many countries), cozy= affording warmth and ease, 雖然文章使用 countries, 選項(D) 是 cultures, 但由於國家可以涵蓋多元文化, 本題詢問哪個敘述不正確, 所以(D) 選項不該被選。

3. 答案為(C)無誤。文章中有講到在不同「國家」中, 黃色常與陽光和舒適連結在一起, 在此情境中, 國家和文化有相通之處。
4. 故本題最適當答案為(C)。

考科名稱	二技-共同科目-英文
試題題號	50
試題內容 (含選項)	<p>Do your actions sometimes go against your beliefs? Here are some examples that you may even notice on your own. You fully understand smoking is harmful to your health, but you do it anyway. You want to lose weight, but don't exercise regularly or eat a nutritious diet. You believe that if you want a good career, you have to do well in school, but you just cannot give up video games. The difference between what you are doing and what you believe you should be doing can cause a feeling of mental discomfort known as "cognitive dissonance." This term was created by a psychologist called Leon Festinger in 1954. People with cognitive dissonance may experience various kinds of feelings: anxiety, embarrassment, regret, sadness, shame, or stress. These negative feelings can also influence how they view themselves, and therefore lower their self-confidence and self-worth.</p> <p>To reduce cognitive dissonance, some doctors and psychologists offer three pieces of advice: change your behavior, change your thoughts, and justify your behavior and thoughts. Some people can take the advice and put it into practice. One example is that a person who often drinks alcohol and then drives may choose to stop drinking or hire a taxi after having a few drinks. However, some people who experience cognitive dissonance do not want to change their actions. They find reasons to explain their actions and justify the conflict between their actions and beliefs. For example, after tasting the sweet desserts, you might tell yourself, "It's probably a low-fat doughnut. Not a big deal. I'll start dieting right after this." Although it is quite impossible to achieve a full agreement between our actions and beliefs, we can change something in order to bring back balance.</p> <p>Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "justify" in the second paragraph?</p> <p>(A) To report a result (B) To give a good reason (C) To create a new term (D) To voice a negative feeling</p>
公告答案	B
確認說明	<p>1. 根據 Cambridge Dictionary 線上詞典 justify 的定義: to give or to be a good reason for 為...辯護; 證明...正當(或有理、正確); 是...的正當理由 If you justify yourself, you give a good reason for what you have done. 為自己的行為作解釋。</p> <p>2. 雖然"term"在英語中確實有「條件/條款/規則」的意思, 然而, 在第二段中, "justify"的意思是提供一個合理的解釋或理由來支持一個論點。因此, 最接近"justify"的意思的答案是(B)給出一個好的理由。</p> <p>3. 故本題最適當答案為(B)。</p>